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PREMIUM



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1 Overview

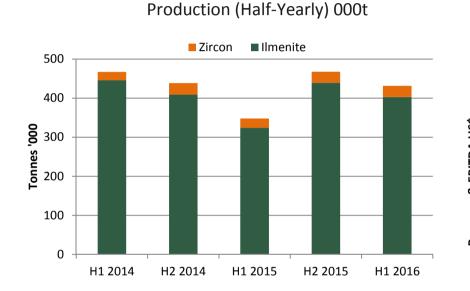


Kenmare Resources H1 2016 Overview

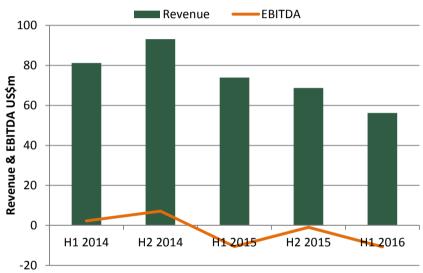
- ➤ Total shipments of finished products in H1 2016 increased 7% to a new half yearly record
- Cash operating costs per tonne of finished product declined 22%, a result of continued cost savings and increased production
- ➤ EBITDA of negative US\$10.7 million remains stable year on year, despite commodity prices reaching lowest point in H1
- > Cash flow generated from operation positive US\$6.6m
- The ilmenite market has shown signs of recovery in recent months with prices increasing
- Capital restructuring completed US\$100 million of debt + US\$75m of additional cash. Plus, reduced interest rates, extended term, and principal repayment holiday



Key Performance Indicators







- HMC production increased 33% to 606,100 tonnes (H1 2015: 454,500 tonnes)
- Ilmenite production increased 24% to 402,900 tonnes (H1 2015: 324,100 tonnes)
- Zircon production increased 20% to 28,500 tonnes (H1 2015: 23,800 tonnes)
- Closing final product stocks at June 2016 of 230,100¹ tonnes (Dec. 2015: 237,300² tonnes)
- H1 2016 sales volumes up 7%, but lower prices resulted in revenues decreasing by 24%

¹ Includes 103,900 tonnes being held for customers who had prepaid

² Includes 40,000 tonnes being held for customers who had prepaid

2 Summary Results



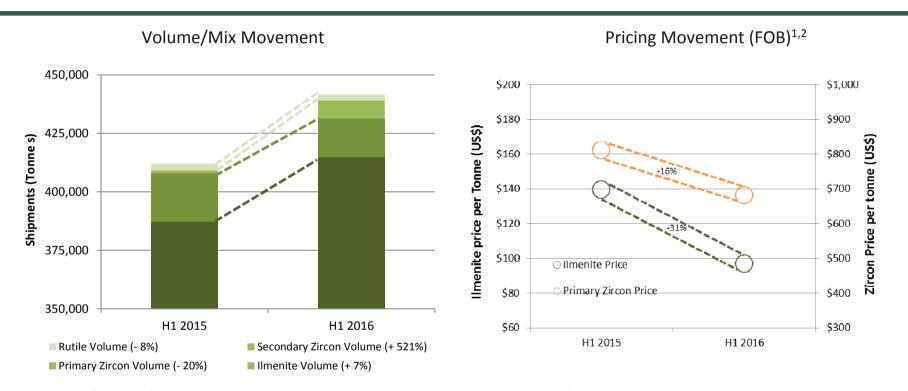
H1 2016 Income Statement Review

| | H1 '16 | H1 '15 | 5 Comment | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|----------|---|--------------------|---------------|
| | US\$m | US\$m | | | |
| Revenue | 56.2 | 73.9 | Revenue down 24%, volumes up 7% but averaç | ge prices down 29° | % |
| Cost of Sales & Opex | (81.1) | (101.1) | Full effect of cost savings and lower deprecation | n | |
| Operating loss | (24.9) | (27.2) | | | |
| Net finance costs | (21.5) | (18.1) | Higher interest due to increased loan balances | and interest rate | |
| Foreign exchange (loss)/gain | (2.7) | 17.4 | Euro strengthened against the US Dollar | Revenue by Ge | ogranhy |
| Loss before tax | (49.1) | (27.9) | | | ■ Asia |
| Tax credit | 2.0 | 0.0 | KMML tax losses to be utilised | 12% | ■ Europe |
| Loss after tax | <u>(47.1)</u> | (27.9) | | 20% | 1% |
| Sales volumes up 7% - rec | ord volum | es shipr | ped | | ■USA |
| · | | | enging market conditions at the end of 2015 | 24% | Rest of World |

- Lower prices (29% on H1 2015) due to challenging market conditions at the end of 2015
- > Cash cost per tonne produced decreased 22% as a result of increased production and decreased costs. Finished product production up 24% and cash cost of sales & opex down 4%
- Depreciation decreased by 15% due to increase in life of mine
- Finance costs increased due to higher sub loan interest (11% from Jul 15), super senior interest (\$10m drawdown in Aug 15), Euro strengthened v US Dollar, & higher fees being amortised over life of loans
- EBITDA: negative US\$10.7m (2015: US\$10.6m negative), principally due to weak prices



H1 2016 Revenue Review



- Sales volumes increased by 7% to record levels of 441,700 tonnes (H1 2015: 412,000 tonnes)
- Total revenue decreased by US\$17.7m (24%) on H1 2015
- Ilmenite volumes up 7%, but prices down 31%, compressed by higher volumes of lower grade ilmenite from inventory – now normalised
- Primary zircon sales volumes down 20%, due to shipment timing. Prices down 16% over the prior year
- Average price per tonnes shipped down 31% to US\$123, dominated by higher ilmenite volumes

¹ Primary Zircon includes a blend of Standard and Special Grade

² Free On Board (FOB)



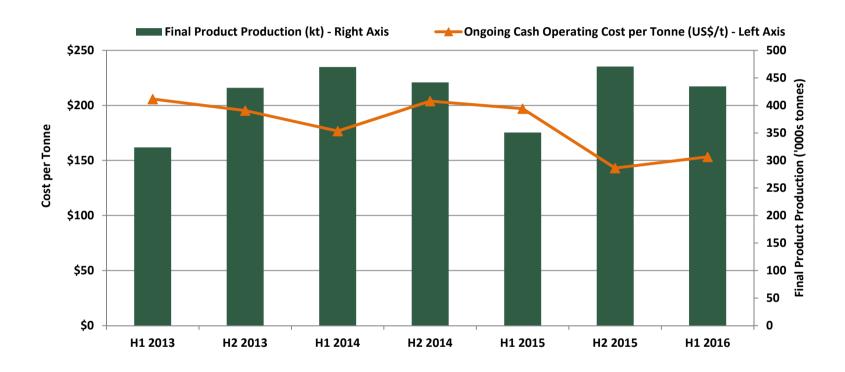
H1 2016 Cash Operating Costs Review

| | H1 2016 US\$m | H1 2016 US\$m | H1 2015 US\$m | H1 2015 US\$m | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Cost of sales | 68.0 | | 91.9 | | |
| Other operating costs | 13.1 | 81.1 | 9.2 | 101.1 | |
| Freight (CIF customers) | | (2.4) | | (1.6) | |
| Total costs less freight | | 78.7 | _ | 99.5 | |
| Non-cash costs | | | | | |
| Depreciation | 14.2 | | 16.6 | | |
| Share-based payments | 0.1 | (14.3) | (0.8) | (15.8) | |
| Inventory movements | | | | | |
| Finished product movements | | 2.2 | | (14.6) | |
| Adjusted cash operating costs | - 4% | 66.6 | | 69.1 | |
| Final Products Production | + 24% | 434,400 | | 350,700 | |
| Total cash cost per tonne of finished product | -22% | \$153 | | \$197 | |
| | | | | | |

- Analysis above reconciles Income Statement to cash operating cost to run business
- Decrease in cost of sales and other operating costs reflects cost savings implemented in Q1 2015, includes some non-recurring legal fees
- > Decrease in depreciation due to increase in life of mine
- > Total cash cost per tonne of finished product is an all in cost including all company G&A



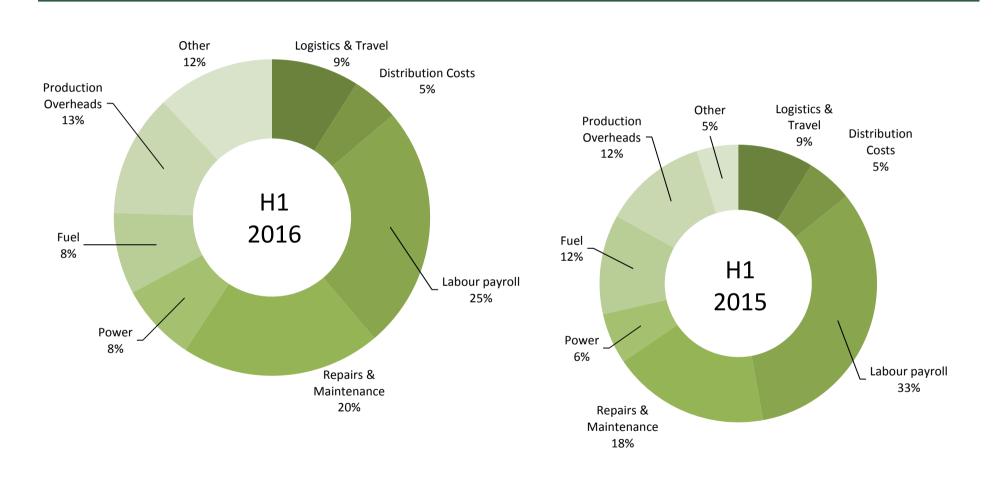
Half Yearly 2013 – 2016 Cash Operating Costs



- Total cash cost per tonne of finished products (ilmenite, zircon & rutile) decreased 22% to US\$153/t in H1 2016 from US\$197/t in H1 2015
 - Finished product production up 24% on H1 2015
 - Total cash operating costs down 4% on H1 2015
- Further reductions expected in H2 2016 as a result of higher production volumes



H1 2016 Cash Operating Costs



Operating costs largely fixed, labour has reduced as a result of the 2015 wage agreement and favourable FX movements



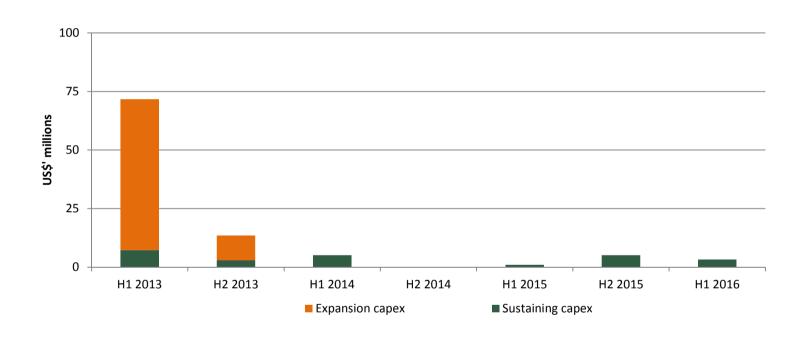
Balance Sheet Review at 30 June 2016

| | 30/6/2016 US\$m | 31/12/2015 US\$m | Comment on 2016 & movement |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---|
| Duan auto plant 9 aguings ant | · | • | 110000 |
| Property, plant & equipment | 823.8 | 835.0 | US\$3.0m additions, US\$14.2m depreciation |
| Inventories | 47.4 | 46.2 | Higher high value mineral in stock, offset by lower plant spares |
| Trade & other receivables | 12.6 | 20.9 | Function of sales prior to period end |
| Deferred tax asset | 3.2 | 1.3 | KMML tax losses forecast to be utilised |
| Cash | 12.3 | 14.4 | |
| Total assets | <u>899.3</u> | 917.8 | |
| | | | |
| Equity & reserves | 452.7 | 503.5 | H1 2016 loss and element of capital restructuring fees |
| Bank loans | 357.7 | 341.9 | Interest accrued less interest repayments + Fx loss on Euro loans |
| Creditors & provisions | 88.9 | 72.4 | Customer prepaid, loan amend fees & capital restructuring costs |
| Total equity & liabilities | <u>899.3</u> | 917.8 | |

- > Amendment, Repayment and Equitisation agreement entered into with Lenders on 22 June 2016
- Capital restructuring completed on 28 July, raising US\$275m, reducing Group debt to US\$100m, and providing US\$75m for working capital and expenses



Half Yearly Capex 2013 - 2016



- Long period of investment completed in 2013
- Sustaining capital continued to be tightly controlled in H1 2016
- Expected higher sustaining capital in H2 2016
- Maintaining guidance of US\$15-20m per annum

3 Capital Restructuring



Capital raise and debt restructuring

Capital raise - total capital raised of US\$275m

- ➤ US\$154.6m Placing and Open Offer
- US\$20.4m Lender Underwriting
- > 109.6m shares on issue following 1 for 200 consolidation of shares

Debt restructuring – simplified debt structure and enhanced working capital position

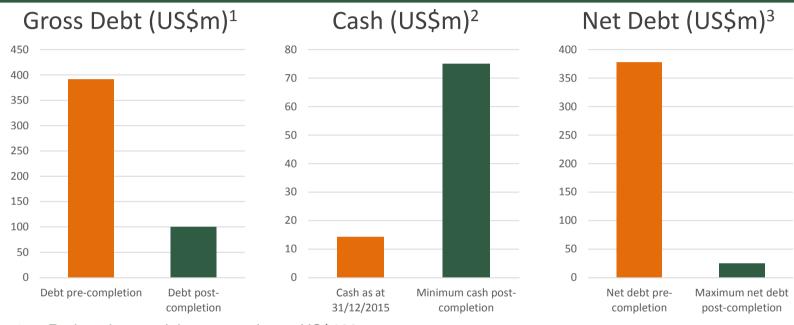
- Gross debt reduced to US\$100m from US\$392m¹
- ➤ US\$75m cash, prior to fees²
- > Effectively one tranche of debt with increased tenor to February 2022, all denominated in USD
- ➤ Interest at 4.75% + 6m US LIBOR until 2020, 5.50% + 6m US LIBOR thereafter
- Principal repayment holiday until February 2018

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¹ Gross debt as at 28 July 2016 ² Estimated at US\$13.4m



Transformed balance sheet post capital raise



- Reduced gross debt to a maximum US\$100m
 - All USD denominated with extended term, reduce interest rates and repayment holiday
- Increased cash available for working capital to US\$75m
 - Provides a strong buffer should markets change for any unforeseen circumstances
- Reduced net debt to a maximum US\$25m²
 - Dramatically reducing financial leverage

¹ Gross debt as at 28 July 2016.

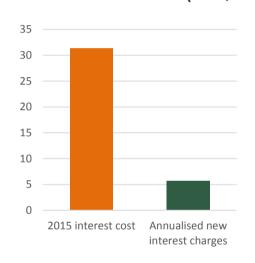
² Before fees and expenses, estimated at US\$13.4m. Excluding cash on the balance sheet immediately prior to completion.

³ Net debt pre-completion based on cash as at 31 December 2015 and gross debt at 28 July 2016. Maximum net debt post-completion based on gross debt post-completion and minimum cash post-completion excluding cash on the balance sheet immediately prior to completion



Debt repayment profile

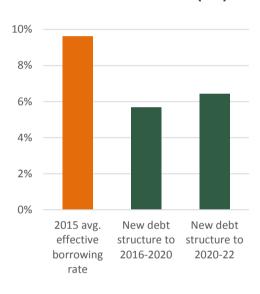
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Interest Rates (%)¹



- Simplified debt structure debt servicing costs reduced by c.84%
- > Repayment holiday until February 2018, providing enhanced financial flexibility
- ➤ Reduced interest rates from an average 9.6% in 2015 to 5.68%¹ until 2020, 6.43%¹ thereafter
- All debt now USD denominated removes EUR debt exposure

¹ Assumes LIBOR rate of 0.9339% as at 14/06/2016

² Assumes 4.75% + 6 month LIBOR until 2020

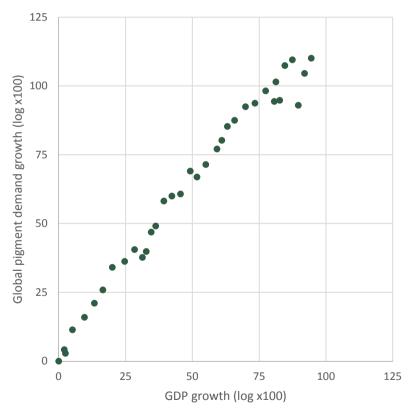
4 Market Overview



TiO₂ market overview

- Demand for titanium dioxide closely tracks growth in global GDP
- Titanium feedstocks are used for the production of titanium pigment (~90%), welding rods (~5%) and titanium metal (~5%)
- Titanium pigment is used in the production of paints (~60%), plastics (~26%) and paper (~14%)
- No recycling of titanium dioxide
- Geared to demand growth in later stages of economic development – China consumption level still only c. 50% of US/Western Europe

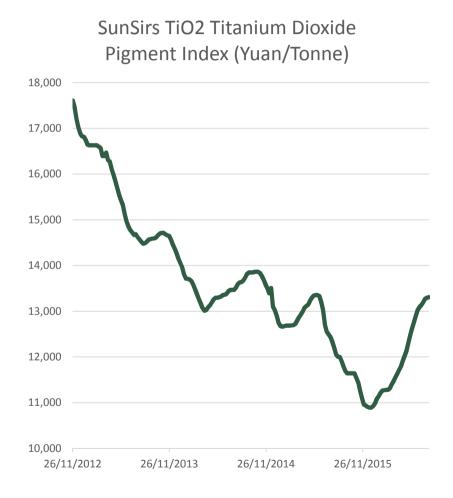
Global pigment and GDP growth (1981-2014)





Improving pigment demand and pricing

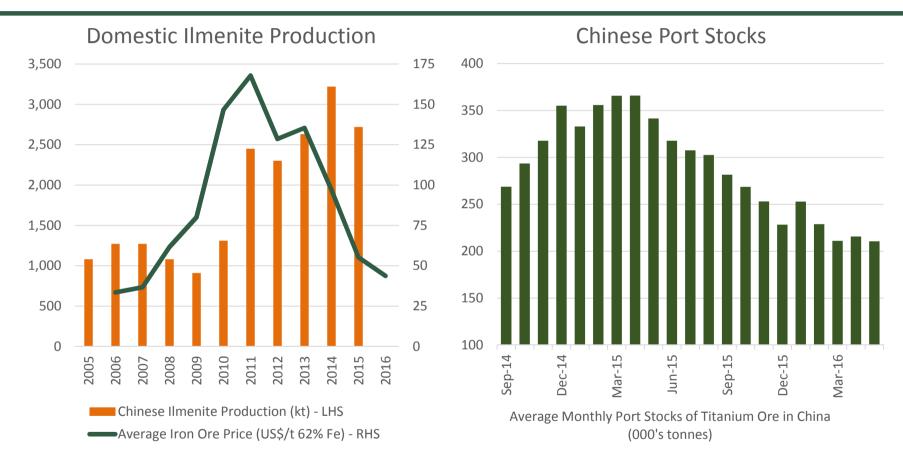
- Improved demand conditions for pigment in H1 2016 in all major regional markets
- Industry analysts and producers report that inventory levels have normalised
- Global plant utilisation rates are progressively increasing in response
- Pigment price increases successfully implemented in H1 2016 and are gathering momentum in H2
- 10th consecutive price increase announcements made by Chinese pigment producers since the start of 2016 – prices up by >20%



Source: Bloomberg, SunSirs, August 2016



Tightening Chinese market conditions



- > Domestic Chinese ilmenite production has been in decline, as a result of the declining iron ore price
- Chinese port stocks of titanium ores are at the lowest level in three years, inventories have been drawn down to supplement lower production
- Higher volumes of imported feedstocks will be required to meet growing demand



Chinese Imported Ilmenite

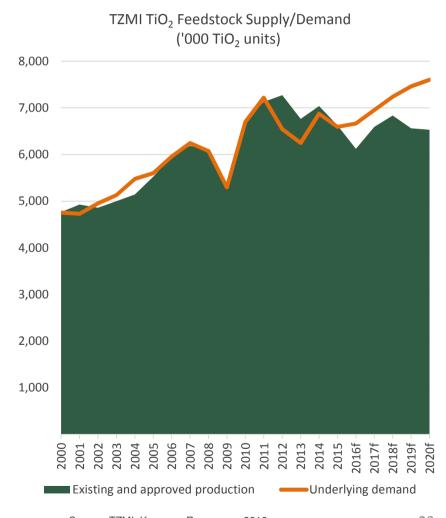


- Weak ilmenite pricing in H1 2016 as contracted before the market started to firm
- > Favourable conditions are emerging driven by improved pigment market and feedstock supply restrictions
- Sulphate ilmenite supply/demand has tightened as inventories have depleted
- ➤ Chinese ilmenite prices have increased by >50% in past few months
- Chinese imported volumes of titanium ores up 22% year to date



Supply/demand outlook

- Demand is expected to continue to trend upwards with global GDP
- Primary supply demand deficit emerges in 2015 offset by inventory drawdown
- New slag plants in China and the Middle East will favourably impact ilmenite demand
- Kenmare's ilmenite products are suitable for sulphate & chloride pigment, and beneficiation into slag and synthetic rutile
- Busy shipment schedule expected in H2 2016



Source: TZMI, Kenmare Resources, 2016

A Appendix



Group Debt

- Group Debt at 30 June 2016: US\$357.7m (2015: US\$341.9m)
- Lenders: Absa, KfW, FMO, EIB, EAIF, & AfDB
- Guarantors: ECIC (of Absa), MIGA & Hermes (of KfW)
- Average interest rate for H1 2016 was 10.0%
- Super Senior: US\$10.5m, floating @ LIBOR +10%
- Senior: US\$79.5m, floating @ LIBOR + 4.3% to 5.5%, fixed @ 5.9%
- Subordinated: US\$297.0m, fixed @ 11% since July 15
- > Amendment, Repayment and Equitisaiton agreement entered into with Lenders on 22 June 2016
- Amended Financing Agreements reflect the terms of US\$100m residual debt following debt restructuring



Group Lenders at 30 June 2016

| | Loan Balance | Maturity | |
|------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|----|
| 0 0 1 1 | US\$m | | |
| Super Senior Loans | 0.7 | 00.47 | |
| AfDB (FOLO) | 0.7 | 2017 | |
| Absa (ECIC) | 0.8 | 2017 | |
| EAIF | 1.9 | 2017 | |
| EIB | 4.9 | 2017 | |
| FMO | 1.7 | 2017 | |
| KfW IPEX-Bank | 0.5 | 2017 | |
| | 10.5 | | |
| Senior Loans | | | |
| AfDB | 21.3 | 2021 | |
| Absa (ECIC) | 23.9 | 2018 | |
| EAIF | 2.6 | 2021 | |
| EIB | 8.7 | 2021 | |
| FMO | 8.6 | 2019 | |
| KfW IPEX-Bank (Hermes) | 6.6 | 2018 | |
| KfW IPEX-Bank (MIGA) | 7.8 | 2021 | |
| • | 79.5 | | |
| Subordinated Loans | | | |
| EIB | 160.1 | 2021 | |
| EAIF | 64.1 | 2021 | |
| FMO | 50.6 | 2021 | |
| Absa | 22.2 | 2021 | |
| | 297.0 | | |
| | | | |
| Total | 387.0 | | |
| Loan amendment fees | (29.3) | Amortised over life of loans | |
| Total Group Loans | 357.7 | | |
| | 55711 | | 26 |